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APPLICATION NO.	_	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/697,605	10/697,605 10/30/2003		Niranjan Damera-Venkata	200314247-1	9630
22879	7590	10/26/2006		EXAMINER	
		ARD COMPANY	ABDULSELAM, ABBAS I		
		04 E. HARMONY RO ROPERTY ADMINIS	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
FORT COL	ORT COLLINS, CO 80527-2400			2629	
				DATE MAILED: 10/26/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

_	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/697,605	DAMERA-VENKATA, NIRANJAN					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Abbas I. Abdulselam	2629					
The MAILING DATE of this communication							
Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailling date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by st. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	B DATE OF THIS COMMUNIO R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a r riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON atute, cause the application to become AB	CATION. eply be timely filed ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1	2/28/04.						
<i>i</i> — · · · · · —							
3) Since this application is in condition for allo	<i>,</i> —						
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are pending in the applicat	ion						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3-5,13,14,20,22,24,25 and 30</u> is	/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) 2,6-12,15-19,21,23 and 26-29 is/a	· · ·						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	d/or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam	inor						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a		hy the Examiner					
Applicant may not request that any objection to							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	ian priority under 35 U.S.C. 8	5 119(a)-(d) or (f)					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	igh phonty under do d.d.d. 3						
1.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the p							
application from the International Bur	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	list of the certified copies not	received.					
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3)	5) Notice of Ir	s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>/2/</u> .27/04 , 2//3/04, /	0/30/03 6) Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

Double Patenting

1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 1, 3-5, 13-14, 20, 22, 24-25 and 30 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 8-9, 19, 20-22, 28 and 37, of U.S. Patent No. 7109981 in view of Grand-Clemnet (USPN 6121725).

Claim 1 of the present application is mostly met by claim 1 of the patent (USPN 7109981). However, Claim 1 of the patent does not teach receiving image data for the image on a diamond grid such that each the first and second sub-frames are generated on a diamond ring.

Grand-Clement on the other hand teaches a display being performed by sub frames associated with each color, wherein operations are performed for each color grids (15, 16, 17).

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Brand-Clemet further teaches that the shape and diameter of holes of additional grids as well as the respective potentials of activation and inhibition of the additional grids will be chosen to optimize the focusing toward the corresponding sub pixels (col. 6, lines 42-49).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify claim 1 of Damera-venkata's patent to include Grand-Clement's use of grids with desirable shapes because the use of grids (14, 15, 16) helps function a flat color display system as taught by grand-Clement.

Claim 13 of the present application is mostly met by claim 19 of the patent (USPN 7109981). However, Claim 13 of the patent does not teach receiving image data for the image on a diamond grid such that each the first and second sub-frames are generated on a diamond ring.

Grand-Clement on the other hand teaches a display being performed by sub frames associated with each color, wherein operations are performed for each color grids (15, 16, 17). Brand-Clemet further teaches that the shape and diameter of holes of additional grids as well as the respective potentials of activation and inhibition of the additional grids will be chosen to optimize the focusing toward the corresponding sub pixels (col. 6, lines 42-49).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify claim 13 of Damera-venkata's patent to include Grand-Clements's use of grids with desirable shapes because the use of grids (14, 15, 16) helps function a flat color display system as taught by grand-Clement.

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Claim 24 of the present application is mostly met by claim 28 of the patent (USPN 7109981). However, Claim 28 of the patent does not teach means for receiving a first resolution on a diamond grid with each low-resolution sub-frame being generated on a diamond grid.

Grand-Clement on the other hand teaches a display being performed by sub frames associated with each color, wherein operations are performed for each color grids (15, 16, 17). Brand-Clemet further teaches that the shape and diameter of holes of additional grids as well as the respective potentials of activation and inhibition of the additional grids will be chosen to optimize the focusing toward the corresponding sub pixels (col. 6, lines 42-49).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify claim 28 of Damera-venkata's patent to include Grand-Clements's use of grids with desirable shapes because the use of grids (14, 15, 16) helps function a flat color display system as taught by grand-Clement.

Claim 30 of the present application is mostly met by claim 37 of the patent (USPN 7109981). However, Claim 30 of the patent does not teach receiving a first high-resolution image on a diamond grid such that the first plurality of low resolution sub-frames are being generated on a diamond grid

Grand-Clement on the other hand teaches a display being performed by sub frames associated with each color, wherein operations are performed for each color grids (15, 16, 17). Brand-Clemet further teaches that the shape and diameter of holes of additional grids as well as

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the respective potentials of activation and inhibition of the additional grids will be chosen to optimize the focusing toward the corresponding sub pixels (col. 6, lines 42-49).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify claim 30 of Damera-venkata's patent to include Grand-Clements's use of grids with desirable shapes because the use of grids (14, 15, 16) helps function a flat color display system as taught by grand-Clement.

Claim 3 of the present application is met by claim 1 of the patent.

Claim 4 of the present application is met by claim 1 of the patent.

Claim 5 of the present application is met by claims 8-9 of the patent.

Claim 14 of the present application is met by claims 19 of the patent.

Claim 20 of the present application is met by claims 19 of the patent.

Claim 21 of the present application is met by claims 22 of the patent.

Claim 22 of the present application is met by claims 21 of the patent.

Claim 24 of the present application is met by claims 20 of the patent.

Allowable Subject Matter

3. Claims 2, 6, 7-12, 15-19, 21,23 and 26-29 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Abbas I. Abdulselam whose telephone number is 571-272-7685. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 9:00 A.M. to 5:30 P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richard Hjerpe, can be reached on 571-272-7691. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Abbas Abdulselam

Examiner

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10/17/06